

MASS MEDIA & COMMUNICATION (879)

Note: The Syllabus for this Subject has not been changed.

CLASS XII

There will be **two** papers in the subject:

Paper I: Theory 3 hours ----- 70 marks

Paper II: Project Work ----- 30 marks

PAPER I (THEORY) – 70 Marks

1. Communication

(i) Culture and Communication

What is culture? Relationship between culture and mass media; communication in the cultural context; media as vehicle of cultural transmission; representation and stereotyping in Mass Media.

(ii) Communication and Social Change

Social change: meaning; media as a catalyst for social change (with examples of various social movements).

2. Journalism

(i) Qualities of a good Journalist.

An understanding of the following: nose for News, inquisitiveness, language skills, trustworthy and empathy.

(ii) Ethical Issues in Journalism.

A brief understanding of each of the following with examples: sensationalism, fake news, paid news, plagiarism, advertorials, partisan reporting and sting operations.

3. Radio

(i) Writing for Radio

Characteristics of a Radio Script: conversational language, active voice, simple sentences, avoidance of technical jargons and capability of creating imageries.

(ii) Recording Radio Programmes

Brief understanding of the radio studio and transmission equipment: types of microphones; amplifier, sound mixer, speakers; audio recording.

(iii) Radio Jockeying

Role of a radio jockey; skills required: command on language (spoken and written), connectedness with the audience; knowledge about the recording equipment.

4. Cinema

(i) History of Cinema

A brief understanding of the early experiments done by the following: Lumiere Brothers, John Grierson, Robert Flaharty and Dada Saheb Phalke.

(ii) Cinema Genres.

Defining genre theory; an understanding of the various types of genres (with suitable examples): action, westerns, comedy, crime, drama, fantasy/sci-fi, historical, animation, romance and musical.

(iii) Cinema and Social Change.

Parallel Cinema movement in India: Issues depicted and low budget production process (with reference to examples such as Shyam Benegal's Manthan).

5. Social Media

(i) Definition of social media.

(ii) Types of social media platforms.

Social networking, blogging, photo sharing and video sharing.

(iii) Role of social media in democracy.

Role of social media in creating collective identities with reference to sharing of information; cyber activism (with suitable examples)

(iv) Cyber Crime.

A understanding of online bullying; stalking; trolling; online frauds.

(v) Netiquettes.

Meaning and importance of netiquettes; an understanding of netiquettes such as: identification of oneself; respect for others' privacy, use of appropriate language and imagery; do not spam.

6. Media Regulatory Bodies

Role and functions (as stated by the Government of India) of: Telecom Regulatory Authority of India; Press Council of India; Central Board for Film Certification; Advertisement Standard Council of India; News Broadcasting Standards Authority of India.

Telecom Regulatory Authority of India: Regulates telecommunication services, adjudicate disputes, dispose appeals, protect interests of service providers and consumers.

Press Council of India: Helps newspapers maintain their independence, builds code of conduct for newspapers and journalists, guidelines for training, guidelines for spreading news, reviews newspaper production, maintains quality.

Central Board for Film Certification: Certifies for public viewing, film certification: U, A, UA, S.

Advertisement Standard Council of India: Self-regulation in advertising, protection of consumer interests, promotion of responsible advertising, enhancing public confidence in advertising; Consumer Complaints Council.

News Broadcasting Standards Authority of India: Ensures - impartiality, objectivity, neutrality, discretion (crimes against women and children), privacy, national security is not endangered. Prevents - glorification of violence and crime, encouragement of superstition and occultism, showcasing sex and nudity.

7. Media Convergence

Media convergence; dimensions.

Meaning, importance and benefits of media convergence.

Dimensions: technological, textual, social and political (A brief understanding with examples).

PAPER II (PROJECT WORK) 30 MARKS

Candidates will be required to have completed *two* projects from any topic/ allied aspect covered in Theory.

Project work may include:

- Script writing.
- Documentary/ video.
- Book review/ film review/ posters/ advertisements/ cartoon strip.
- Advertisement campaign, social media campaign.
- Case study.
- Field visit/investigation.

Candidates must be encouraged to produce project work that is original and creative, which provides insightful perspectives.

List of suggested assignments for Project Work:

- (i) Develop a script for radio advertisement on any one social issue of your choice. The duration of the advertisement should not be more than 30 seconds. You are also expected to develop a suitable jingle.
- (ii) Develop a short comic story. You can choose maximum 4 characters to build the story. The cartoons should be drawn by yourself in your own way. Write suitable dialogues. Colouring of the comics is optional. The story should not be more than five scenes or 15 drawings. candidates can submit them pasted in a chart or book. No software should be used for this assignment.
- (iii) Produce a one hour documentary on the topic "Life in School". The documentary must contain video clips from various activities conducted in school as well as general school life such as recess and dismissal. There must be at least one interview with a student and one with a member of staff. Narration must be clear and fit with the visual matter. Any recording not in English must have subtitles.

- (iv) Develop an advertising campaign on any issue related to the conservation of the environment. You can choose any non-electronic media for the campaign. For example, pamphlets, placards, leaflets, etc. Prepare a report of the detailed process along with pictures of the campaign.
- (v) Create a power point presentation showcasing the various Graduation courses a student can apply for after the completion of school. The PPT must contain statistical data regarding employment rates of adults who have completed the courses, number and type of jobs which make use of the courses as well as difficulty of the courses. Pie charts and bar graphs may be used. Reasons must be given why the courses should be taken as well as what advantages certain courses have over others.
- (vi) Choose a social media campaign. Follow it for a week. Do a detailed analysis of the campaign in terms of its strategy, followers, comments/ likes, sharing and development over time.
- (vii) Use any camera or mobile phone with video facility to create a 1-5-minute fiction story on a topic of your choice.
- (viii) Write a detailed review of a film from any one of the following genres: Fantasy/ Sci-fi, comedy, musical.

The Project will be assessed by the teacher and a Visiting Examiner appointed locally and approved by the Council.

Assessment of Project Work will be done as follows:

1.	Internal Evaluation by Teacher	15 Marks
2.	Evaluation by Visiting Examiner	15 Marks
	TOTAL	30 Marks

GUIDELINES FOR TEACHERS:

1. It must be emphasized that the **process** of doing the project is as important as the finished product.
2. Once the project/projects are chosen, there should be a process of brainstorming to encourage students to make out a draft/structure for the project.
3. During the brainstorming/discussion, the teacher should discuss the assessment criteria with the students.
4. Students must be cautioned against plagiarism and be penalized for the same.
5. Marks must be awarded for content and originality and not for decorative elements and embellishments.
6. Projects must be the original work of the student.

NOTE: No question paper for Project Work will be set by the Council.